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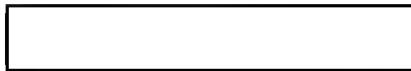
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13 March 1952

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## CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

DOCUMENT NO. 16

NO CHANGE IN CLASS. X

11 DECLASSIFIED

CLASS CHANGED TO: TS C

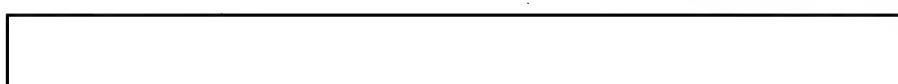
NEXT REVIEWL DATE: 2005

AUTH: HR 70-2

DATE 12-19-71

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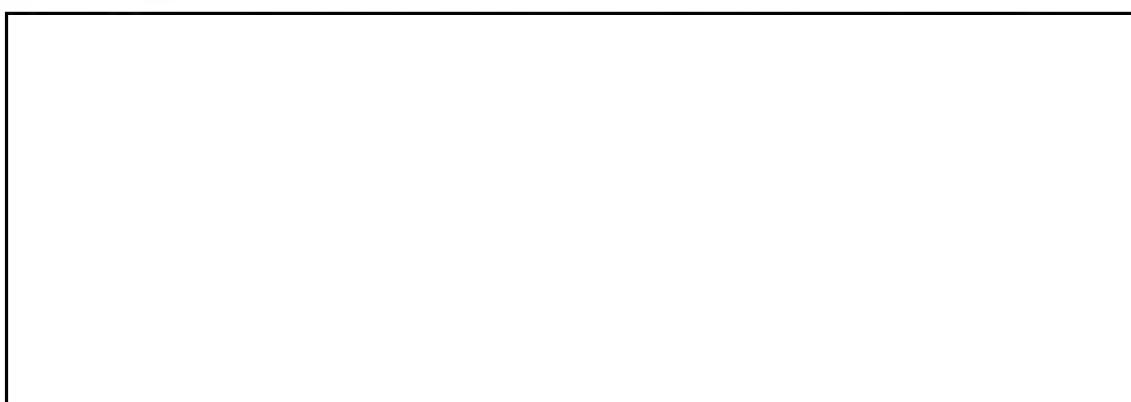


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Office of Current Intelligence

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

State Department review completed



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S U M M A R Y

FAR EAST

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2. Inflation in South Korea threatens government:

Ambassador Muccio believes that the 34 per cent increase in rice prices in South Korea from 1 to 8 March brings runaway inflation closer and may lead to the fall of the government.

Rice has risen 114 per cent in the past two months, and other food prices have also increased.

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The Ambassador observes that inflationary pressure, characterized by a rise of a thousand per cent in note issue since the beginning of the Korean war, is principally due to South Korea's inability to finance war costs. Hoarding, political uncertainty, poor publicity about the recent rice harvest and lack of transportation are contributing factors to the inordinate price advances.

Comment: The sharp rise in South Korean food prices during 1952 has resulted in the resignation of the Minister of Agriculture, and the press has warned that rice riots are probable if prices continue to skyrocket.

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

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5. Greek King considers dissolving Parliament:

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As a result of Prime Minister Plastiras' illness, the King of Greece reportedly is considering dissolution of Parliament and the establishment of an interim government.

Such a measure would require elections within 45 days.

Comment: Earlier press reports announced that the King had appointed Deputy Prime Minister Venizelos as Acting Prime Minister for the three months Plastiras was expected to be incapacitated.

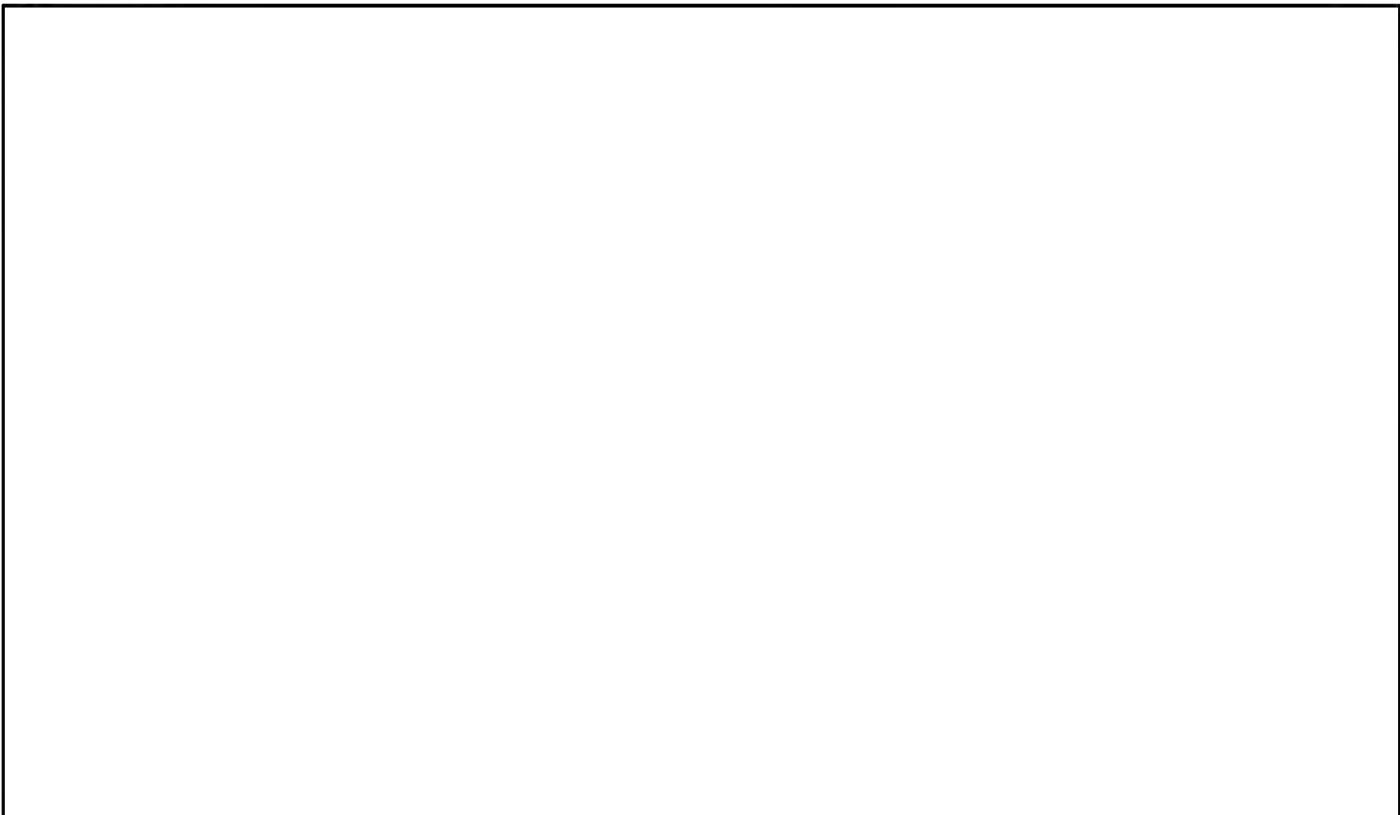
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New elections would favor opposition leader Papagos, who has been pressing steadily for elections on the majority system. An outgoing government has the right, however, of designating the system to be used in the following election, and the current one will possibly choose the proportional system, favored by Venizelos. Such a system would reduce Papagos' chances of victory and might result in the re-emergence of various small, ineffectual political parties.

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7. Soviet peace treaty proposal will not affect Adenauer's policies:

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Chancellor Adenauer has informed the Allied High Commissioners that the new Soviet note on a German peace treaty will have no effect on the Federal Republic's policies. Adenauer, who had already discussed the note with his cabinet expressed the hope that there would be no four-power conference on the issue.

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The French High Commissioner said that the Soviet Union was employing "merely another delaying tactic" designed to tie up discussion just as it has done in the Austrian treaty and Korean truce negotiations.

Comment: A member of the Bonn cabinet has meanwhile suggested that the opposition Social Democrats might try to use the Soviet note in their own campaign to block rearmament and the contractual agreements. A leading Social Democrat has stated that his party might publicly urge Allied acceptance of the offer to negotiate, but it is apparently delaying any official stand until after consultations with ailing party chief Schumacher.

8. Eden urges careful consideration of Soviet note on German peace treaty:

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Foreign Secretary Eden has told US Ambassador Gifford that he considers it of utmost importance to give careful consideration to the Soviet note calling for a four-power conference on a German peace treaty.

The American Embassy in London believes that Eden is anxious to retain opposition support for his policies in view of increasing British misgivings about rearming Germany. There is a widespread belief in Britain that the United States tends to reject Soviet proposals out of hand.

Meanwhile, the Foreign Office emphasizes that the Soviet note should not be allowed to delay negotiations on contractual relations and the European Defense Community.

Comment: Although Britain recognizes the need for rearming West Germany, it has consistently maintained that channels of negotiation with the USSR should be kept open. The foreign Ministers Deputies' talks at Paris last spring were prolonged partly because the British Government tried to convince the public that no possible approach to agreement with the USSR was being left unexplored.

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9. Pleven fears French crisis may disrupt NATO:

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Defense Minister Pleven is very doubtful that France can avoid abandoning a large portion of its military production program.

Pleven agreed to replace the ailing Bidault as Defense Minister only because he felt that someone familiar with the situation might be able to prevent a "blowup affecting the whole NATO program." He insists that even with a four-billion dollar budget for calendar year 1952, France will need a total of one-billion dollars of American aid to meet 1952 defense commitments.

Comment: France's prospective four-billion dollar budget actually exceeds by 15 per cent NATO's estimate of the country's financial and economic capabilities.

Bidault had warned US officials in early February, however, that five billion dollars would have to be budgeted in order to meet NATO military requirements. The new French Government is making no attempt to secure a tax increase, which its predecessor considered indispensable for even the four-billion-dollar budget.

In order to meet French commitments to NATO, Pleven is in effect asking that 500 million dollars of additional US aid be promised and applied against this year's budget, whereas US officials have hitherto considered that any further aid should be applied against the 1953 budget.

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